Evaluation of Posted Speed Limit Reductions on Urban Roads with a High Percentage of Cyclists

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Outline

- Project background
- Brief overview of analysis approach
- Key findings
- Application and recommendations





Project Background

- Trend in reducing speed limits re: Vision Zero and safety of vulnerable road users
- Oregon DOT study on methodology of setting speed limits – parent project
- Effectiveness of 5-mph speed limit reductions on urban roads with high bicycle mode share in Portland, Oregon

OCAL POLITICS

Denver city council votes to lower residential speed limits from 25 to 20

Raleigh city leaders reduce speed limits on over 100 streets in 2021

Tags: speeding, crash, public safety

Posted December 7, 2021 8:16 p.m. EST

Vision Zero: New York City Lowers Speed Limits by 5 MPH on Nine Major Streets Citywide

September 1, 202

Speed limits will be reduced on Minneapolis, St. Paul streets

The change affects arterial and side streets in the metro's two biggest cities.

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Research Approach

- Multi-layered before/after analysis of speeds (treatment vs. control)
- Neighborhood greenways (shared bikeways) vs. non-greenways
- Series of statistical tests comparing performance measures

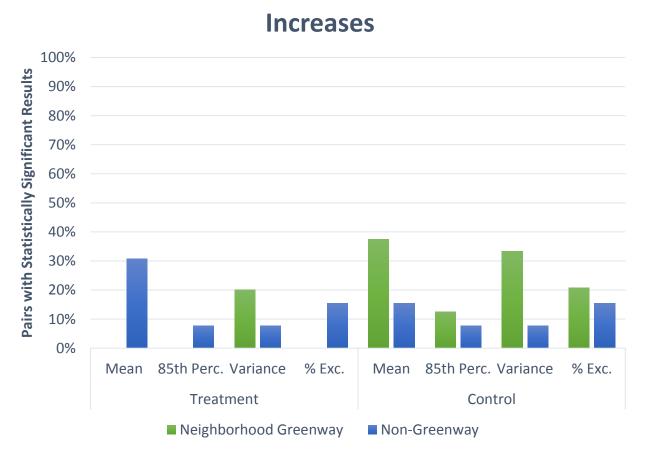


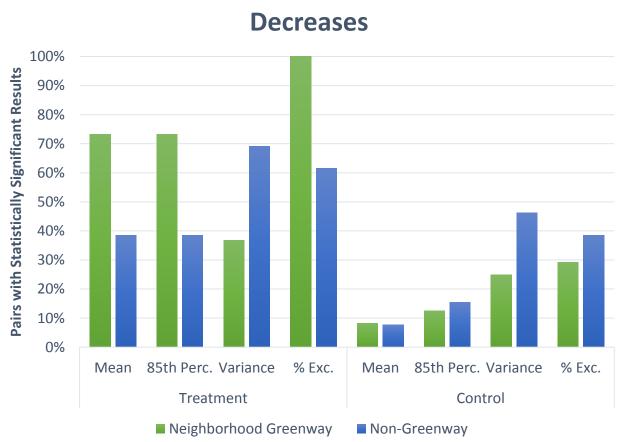
Example of a neighborhood greenway (top) and a nongreenway (bottom)





Outcomes









Application and Recommendations

- Results suggest motorists' behavior is influenced by awareness of cyclists – infrastructure and volume (i.e., safety in numbers -> positive feedback loop)
- Practical implications for cities fostering active transportation modes
- Develop active transportation corridors using best practices







Application and Recommendations

- Inspect speed-volume and speed-gap time relationships to determine if the operation matches expectations of the facility type
- Monitor speeds after a speed limit reduction speed characteristic reductions likely but not guaranteed
- Monitor changes in traffic volumes speed reductions may be linked to reduced volume



Application and Recommendations

- Research was performed pre-COVID, unsure whether/how shifts in travel behaviors or mode splits have influenced the phenomenon observed
- Recommend a follow-up study post-COVID after macro trends stabilize to verify results
 - Utilize sufficient collection period
- Extended study incorporate social equity into data collection
 - Are the results consistent across all areas





Thank You!

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