



Innovative Bicycle Facility Research and Analysis

District of Columbia Department of Transportation

Research conducted by Kittelson & Associates, Inc., Portland State University, and Toole Design Group

Stephanie Dock
High Value Research Sweet Sixteen
AASHTO-RAC/TRB State Representatives Annual Meeting
July 16, 2013

The Study

- In 2009 and 2010, DDOT installed 3 new and innovative facilities:
 - Two-way cycletrack (red)
 - Center median bicycle lanes (blue)
 - Intersection treatments (green)
- Evaluation areas:
 - Facility use
 - Efficient operations (LOS)
 - Convenience (corridor travel times for users)
 - Safety
 - Comfort



Facilities Studied

16th/U/New Hampshire

Goal: Facilitate bicycling through large, complex intersection



- Bicycle signals
- Bicycle loop detectors
- Bicycle boxes
- Contraflow bike lane
- Sharrows

Pennsylvania Ave

Goal: Separated bicycle facility along high volume roadway in core



- Median buffered bike lanes
- Bicycle signs
- Turn restrictions
- Signal timing change

15th Street

Goal: Separated, two-way bicycle travel on a one-way street

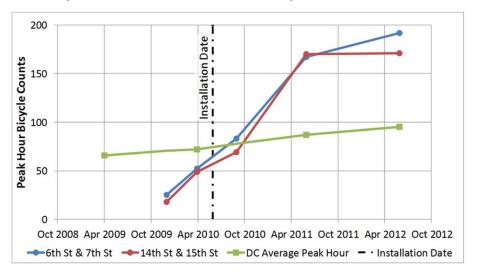


- Two-way cycle track
- Bicycle signal
- Sharrows
- Left turn restrictions
- Signs and pavement markings

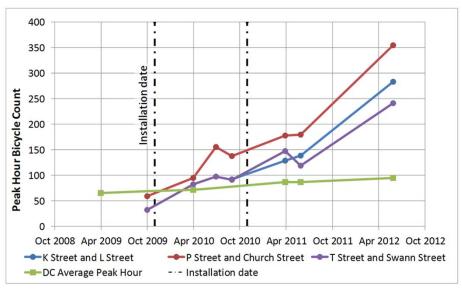
Study Results

- Facility Use: Dramatic increase on all facilities since installation
 - 16th/U/New Hampshire: ≈ 150% through June 2011
 - Pennsylvania Avenue: ≈ 250% through June 2012
 - 15th Street: ≈ 500% through June 2012 (one-way portion of the corridor)
 - City-wide: 32% increase from April 2010-June 2012.

Pennsylvania Avenue Peak Hour Bicycle Volumes



15th Street Peak Hour Bicycle Volumes



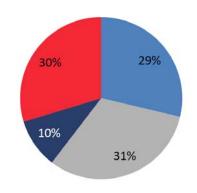
Study Results

- Operations: Bike LOS improved, minimal impact on cars and pedestrians
 - Before and after traffic volumes and LOS very similar for motor vehicles
 - Surveys indicate driver support for separation, but some perceived delay increases >>

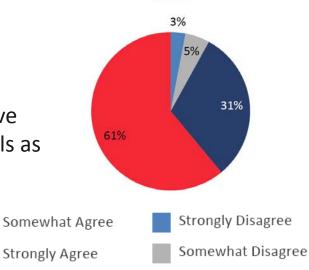
Convenience

- Corridor progression for bicyclists mixed: LOS D or better for most of lanes, poor for the contraflow cyclists on 15th
- On 16th/U/New Hampshire the design is unintuitive and so few cyclists used the bike box and bike signals as intended.

My perception is that traffic congestion has gotten worse as a result of the center bike lanes.

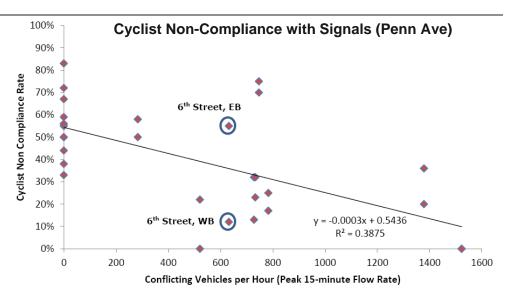


Overall, I like that bicycles are separated from the motor vehicle traffic.



Study Results

- Comfort: Users and non-users support
 - Residents support bicycle investment, regardless of whether they use a bicycle
 - Cyclists overwhelmingly supported the new facilities in surveys
- Safety: No conclusive trends
 - No impact on motor vehicle crashes
 - Bicycle crashes increased, but so did cyclist volumes
 - 1 year of "after" crash data is insufficient, more analysis needed
 - Cyclist compliance with signals was low on corridors >>



Recommendations

General

- Include cyclist progression as a factor in future signal re-timing.
- Education and enforcement campaign to encourage compliance with designs

Design changes

- 16th/U/New Hampshire
 - Change bike signal operations to reflect how cyclists use the intersection
 - Better visibility to improve legibility for all users
- Pennsylvania Avenue
 - Bicycle signals or signs to clarify operations
 - Greater protection from illegal U-turning vehicles
 - Additional pavement markings to reduce bicycle/pedestrian conflicts
- 15th Street
 - Better connection to Pennsylvania Avenue lanes
 - Bicycle signals to reduce confusion
 - Better pavement conditions

Implementation

 Actively seeking strategies to reduce U-turns across Pennsylvania Avenue >>



- Redesigning the facilities at the intersection of 16th Street/U Street/New Hampshire Avenue based on cyclist behavior and the issues observed with wait times
- Looking into signal separation for the corridors
- Changing future plans:
 - Two-way cycletrack on a one-way street does not work well given our signal progression – future cycletracks are one-way on one-way streets. This also helps to avoid crowding issues now emerging on 15th.

Value of Research

- DDOT understands both the positives and the negatives of the facility designs from the perspective of users
- Allowed us to observe how people were using and interacting with the facilities.
- Design better facilities going forward based on real, measured outcomes

More information

Reports:

http://dc.gov/DC/DDOT/On+Your+Street/Bicycles+and+Pedestrians/Bicycles/Bicycle+Lanes/Bicycle+Facility+Evaluation

Contacts:

- Stephanie Dock, DDOT Research Program, stephanie.dock@dc.gov
- Mike Goodno, DDOT Bicycle Program, <u>mike.goodno@dc.gov</u>
- Nathan McNeil, Portland State University, nmcneil@pdx.edu